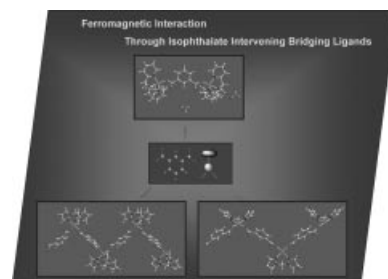


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COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows how the isophthalate-bridged structures are tuned by various polydentate ligands from tetradentate ligand tpa to tridentate ligand tpm to bidentate ligand bpm, which results in one dinuclear and two one-dimensional complexes, $[\text{Cu}_2(\text{tpa})_2(m\text{-bda})](\text{ClO}_4)_2$ (1), $\{[\text{Cu}_2(\text{tpm})_2(m\text{-bda})_2] \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{OH} \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$ (2) and $\{[\text{Cu}_2(\text{bpm})_2(m\text{-bda})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{CN} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$ (3). The variable-temperature magnetic behavior reveals the existence of ferromagnetic interactions in them. Details of synthesis and characterization of these complexes are given in the article by P. Cheng et al. on p. 2297ff.



MICROREVIEW

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Group II Intron Ribozymes and Metal Ions –
 A Delicate Relationship

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